

Math worksheet on 'Algebraic Functions - Variable Substitution to Equation - Bracketed Terms (Negatives) (Level 1)'. Part of a broader unit on 'Algebra Basic Concepts - Practice'

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**1** What doe

What does this equation become when r=6, p=-2

$$3(6r + 4p)$$

 $3 \times (6 \times 6 + 4 \times (-2))$ 

6+6+4+(-2)

2

What does this equation become when z=-3, c=-7

$$-3(5z+3c)$$

$$-3 \times (5 \times (-3) + 3 \times (-7))$$

$$-5 \times (-3) - 3 \times (-7)$$

3

What does this equation become when d=7, y=-3

$$7(3d + 3y)$$

a

$$7^3 + (-3)^3$$

<sup>b</sup>  $7 \times (3 \times 7 + 3 \times (-3))$ 

4

What does this equation become when n=8, d=-5

$$-3(3n+4d)$$

$$^{\mathsf{a}}$$
  $-3 \times (3 \times 8 + 4 \times (-5))$ 

3-8+4-(-5)

5

What does this equation become when b=4, n=-4

$$-2(2b+4n)$$

 $^{\mathsf{a}}$   $-2 \times (2 \times 4 + 4 \times (-4))$ 

$$2 \times (2 \times 4 + 4 \times (-4))$$

6

What does this equation become when x=-3, b=7

$$-2(3x+5b)$$

$$-3\times (-3)-5\times 7$$

$$-2 \times (3 \times (-3) + 5 \times 7)$$

7

What does this equation become when r=3, y=-4

$$-3(6r + 4y)$$

 $^{a}$   $-3 \times (6 \times 3 + 4 \times (-4))$ 

$$^{b}$$
 3 - (6 × 3 + 4 × (-4))