

Math worksheet on 'Algebraic Functions - Variable Substitution to Equation - Bracketed Terms (Negatives) (Level 2)'. Part of a broader unit on 'Algebra Basic Concepts - Practice'

Learn online: app.mobius.academy/math/units/algebra basic concepts practice/

1	What does this equation become when m=-6, b=-7	-5(6m-4b)
5	$6-(6\times-6\times4\times-7)$	$\frac{\mathbf{b}}{5} \times (6 \times -6 - 4 \times -7)$
C	$-6 \times -6 - 4 \times -7$	$\mathbf{g} \times (6 \times -6 - 4 \times -7)$
5	$6 \times (6 \times -6 + 4 \times -7)$	$5 - (6 \times -6 + 4 \times -7)$

What does this equation become when b=-6, x=-5	-3(4b-6x)
a $-4 \times -6 - 6 \times -5$	$3\times(4\times-6+6\times-5)$
$3 \times (4 \times -6 - 6 \times -5)$	$3 - (4 \times -6 + 6 \times -5)$
$\frac{e}{3}$ × (4 × -6 - 6 × -5	$) \stackrel{\mathbf{f}}{5} - (4 \times -6 \times 6 \times -5)$

3
What does this equation become when
$$d=2, m=-2$$

3 $-2 \times 2 - 2 \times -2$

5 $\times (2 \times 2 - 2 \times -2)$

6 $-(2 \times 2 + 2 \times -2)$

7 $-(2 \times 2 + 2 \times -2)$

8 $-(2 \times 2 + 2 \times -2)$

8 $-(2 \times 2 + 2 \times -2)$

What does this equation become when m=8, z=-4
$$4(3m-2z)$$

$$4(3 \times 8 - 2 \times -4)$$

$$5 \times (3 \times 8 + 2 \times -4)$$

$$4 \times (3 \times 8 + 2 \times -4)$$

$$4 \times (3 \times 8 + 2 \times -4)$$

$$4 \times (3 \times 8 + 2 \times -4)$$

$$4 \times (3 \times 8 + 2 \times -4)$$

$$5 \times (3 \times 8 \times 2 \times -4)$$

$$6 \times (3 \times 8 \times 2 \times -4)$$

$$7 \times (3 \times 8 \times 2 \times -4)$$

What does this equation become when m=7, y=-3
$$4(3m-4y)$$

$$4+(3\times 7\times 4\times -3)$$

$$2\times (3\times 7-4\times -3)$$

$$3\times 7-4\times -3$$

$$4+(3\times 7+4\times -3)$$

$$4+(3\times 7+4\times -3)$$

$$4\times (3\times 7+4\times -3)$$

$$5\times (3\times 7+4\times -3)$$

What does this equation become when y=-2, b=3 4(6y-6b) $4 \times (6 \times -2 + 6 \times 3) + (6 \times -2 \times 6 \times 3)$ $6 \times -2 - 6 \times 3 + (6 \times -2 - 6 \times 3)$ $6 \times -2 - 6 \times 3 + (6 \times -2 - 6 \times 3)$ $6 \times -2 - 6 \times 3 + (6 \times -2 + 6 \times 3)$ $1 \times (6 \times -2 + 6 \times 3)$

What does this equation become when z=3, r=-2	-5(6z-3r)
$\frac{\mathbf{a}}{5} \times (6 \times 3 - 3 \times -2)$	$5 \times (6 \times 3 + 3 \times -2)$
$5 \times (6 \times 3 - 3 \times -2)$	$^{\mathbf{d}}$ $-6 \times 3 - 3 \times -2$
$5-(6\times3\times3\times-2)$	$5-(6\times3+3\times-2)$