



Math worksheet on '*Linear Equations - Find Intersection (Decimal) - With Horizontal Line (Level 1)*'. Part of a broader unit on '*Linear Equation Intersections - Intro*'

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- 2 Find the intersection point of these two lines

$$y = 8x - 1$$

$$y = -2$$

a	b
(-1.13, 2)	(-0.13, -2)
(-3.13, -1)	(-5.13, -5)
(1.88, -2)	(-2.13, -2)

- 4 Find the intersection point of these two lines

$$y = 1x + 4$$

$$y = 1$$

a	b	c
(-3, 1)	(-5, 1)	(-7, 1)
(-6, 4)	(1, 1)	(0, 5)

- 6 Find the intersection point of these two lines

$$y = -2x - 2$$

$$y = 6$$

a	b	c
(-7, 2)	(-3, 6)	(-8, 6)
(-4, 6)	(-7, 10)	(0, 6)

- 1 Find the intersection point of these two lines

$$y = 4x - 0$$

$$y = 5$$

a	b
(-2.75, 5)	(4.25, 5)
c	d
(5.25, 5)	(0.25, 6)

  

e	f
(0.25, 5)	(1.25, 5)

- 3 Find the intersection point of these two lines

$$y = -6x - 0$$

$$y = -6$$

a	b	c
(-3, -8)	(4, -2)	(0, -6)
d	e	f
(1, -6)	(-3, -2)	(4, -4)

- 5 Find the intersection point of these two lines

$$y = -4x - 6$$

$$y = 8$$

a	b
(-3.5, 8)	(-7.5, 8)
c	d
(-3.5, 11)	(-5.5, 10)

  

e	f
(-8.5, 8)	(-4.5, 8)

- 6 Find the intersection point of these two lines

$$y = -2x - 2$$

$$y = 6$$

a	b	c
(-7, 2)	(-3, 6)	(-8, 6)
(-4, 6)	(-7, 10)	(0, 6)

- 7 Find the intersection point of these two lines

$$y = -6x - 5$$

$$y = 5$$

a	b
(-5.67, 2)	(1.33, 5)
c	d
(-3.67, 5)	(-0.67, 5)

  

e	f
(-1.67, 5)	(2.33, 5)