



Math worksheet on 'Pythagorean Equation from Squares - Length of Hypotenuse (Squared Values) (Level 1)'. Part of a broader unit on 'Pythagoras - Foundations'

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1

Find what the square of 'c' would be equal to

$$5^2 + 5^2 = c^2$$

a

$c^2 = 14$

b

$c^2 = 50$

c

$c^2 = 1$

d

$c^2 = 100$

e

$c^2 = 625$

f

$c^2 = 109$

2

Find what the square of 'c' would be equal to

$$5^2 + 3^2 = c^2$$

a

$c^2 = 3$

b

$c^2 = 11$

c

$c^2 = 17$

d

$c^2 = 225$

e

$c^2 = 64$

f

$c^2 = 34$

3

Find what the square of 'c' would be equal to

$$4^2 + 3^2 = c^2$$

a

$c^2 = 25$

b

$c^2 = 49$

c

$c^2 = 17$

d

$c^2 = 144$

e

$c^2 = 34$

f

$c^2 = 70$

4

Find what the square of 'c' would be equal to

$$2^2 + 2^2 = c^2$$

a

$c^2 = 20$

b

$c^2 = 8$

c

$c^2 = 1$

d

$c^2 = 2$

e

$c^2 = 16$

f

$c^2 = 4$

5

Find what the square of 'c' would be equal to

$$6^2 + 5^2 = c^2$$

a

$c^2 = 28$

b

$c^2 = 75$

c

$c^2 = 38$

d

$c^2 = 61$

e

$c^2 = 121$

f

$c^2 = 107$

6

Find what the square of 'c' would be equal to

$$2^2 + 4^2 = c^2$$

a

$c^2 = 20$

b

$c^2 = 8$

c

$c^2 = 36$

d

$c^2 = 12$

e

$c^2 = 13$

f

$c^2 = 1$

7

Find what the square of 'c' would be equal to

$$4^2 + 2^2 = c^2$$

a

$c^2 = 4$

b

$c^2 = 1$

c

$c^2 = 20$

d

$c^2 = 28$

e

$c^2 = 13$

f

$c^2 = 36$