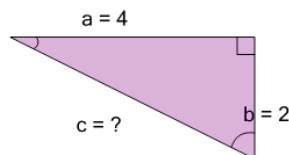




Math worksheet on 'Pythagorean Theorem - Length of Hypotenuse - Labelled Sides (Equation) (Level 1)'. Part of a broader unit on 'Pythagoras - Intro'

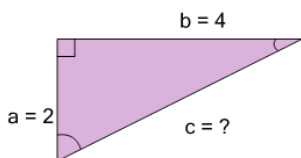
Learn online: app.mobius.academy/math/units/pythagoras_intro/

- 1** Find the length of the missing side as an equation based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



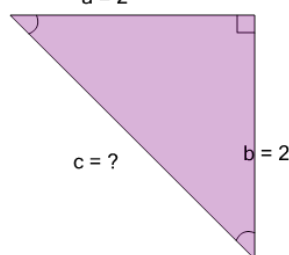
a $\sqrt{4^2 - 2^2}$	b $4^2 + 2^2$
c $\sqrt{4^2 + 2^2}$	d $4^2 - 2^2$

- 2** Find the length of the missing side as an equation based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



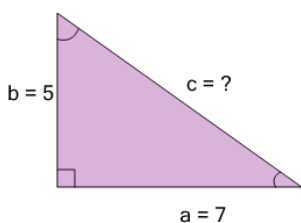
a $\sqrt{2^2 - 4^2}$	b $\sqrt{2^2 + 4^2}$
c $2^2 - 4^2$	d $2^2 + 4^2$

- 3** Find the length of the missing side as an equation based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $a = 2$



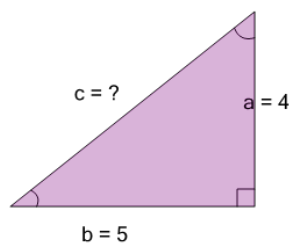
a $2^2 + 2^2$	b $2^2 - 2^2$
c $\sqrt{2^2 + 2^2}$	

- 4** Find the length of the missing side as an equation based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



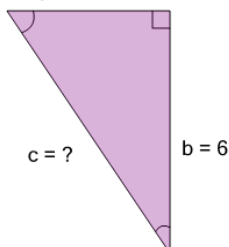
a $\sqrt{7^2 + 5^2}$	b $7^2 + 5^2$
c $\sqrt{5^2 - 7^2}$	d $7^2 - 5^2$

- 5** Find the length of the missing side as an equation based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



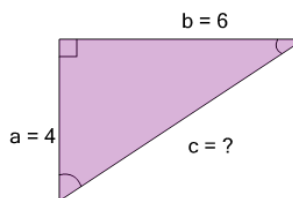
a $\sqrt{4^2 + 5^2}$	b $4^2 - 5^2$
c $4^2 + 5^2$	

- 6** Find the length of the missing side as an equation based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$
 $a = 4$



a $4^2 - 6^2$	b $\sqrt{4^2 - 6^2}$
c $\sqrt{4^2 + 6^2}$	

- 7** Find the length of the missing side as an equation based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



a $4^2 + 6^2$	b $\sqrt{6^2 - 4^2}$
c $4^2 - 6^2$	d $\sqrt{4^2 + 6^2}$