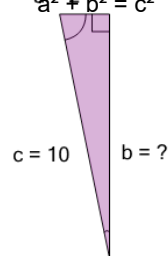




Math worksheet on 'Pythagorean Theorem - Length of Side - Labelled Sides (Radical) (Level 1)'. Part of a broader unit on 'Pythagoras - Intro'

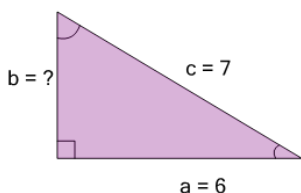
Learn online: app.mobius.academy/math/units/pythagoras_intro/

- 1 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



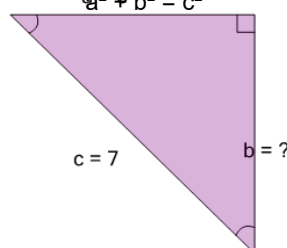
a	b	c
$\sqrt{296}$	$\sqrt{96}$	$\sqrt{196}$

- 2 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



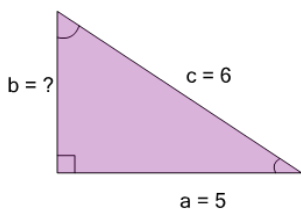
a	b	c
$\sqrt{13}$	$\sqrt{111}$	$\sqrt{62}$

- 3 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



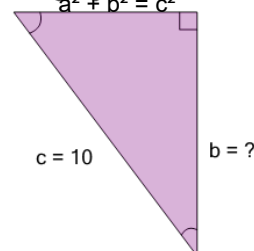
a	b	c
$\sqrt{123}$	$\sqrt{122}$	$\sqrt{73}$

- 4 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



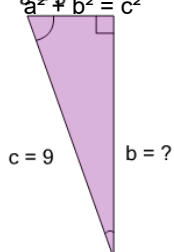
a	b	c
$\sqrt{83}$	$\sqrt{11}$	$\sqrt{47}$

- 5 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



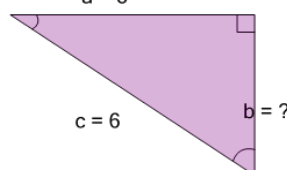
a	b	c
$\sqrt{264}$	$\sqrt{64}$	$\sqrt{164}$

- 6 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



a	b	c
$\sqrt{234}$	$\sqrt{90}$	$\sqrt{72}$

- 7 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem:
 $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$



a	b	c
$\sqrt{61}$	$\sqrt{83}$	$\sqrt{47}$

d		
$\sqrt{153}$		

d		
$\sqrt{11}$		