



Math worksheet on 'Pythagorean Theorem - Length of Side (Radical) (Level 1)'. Part of a broader unit on 'Pythagoras - Intro'

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**1** Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem

<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>
$\sqrt{211}$	$\sqrt{113}$	$\sqrt{194}$
<b>d</b>		
$\sqrt{32}$		

**2** Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem

<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>
$\sqrt{34}$	$\sqrt{9}$	$\sqrt{59}$
<b>d</b>		
$\sqrt{41}$		

**3** Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem

<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>
$\sqrt{347}$	$\sqrt{258}$	$\sqrt{379}$
<b>d</b>	<b>e</b>	
$\sqrt{226}$	$\sqrt{105}$	

**4** Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem

<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>
$\sqrt{66}$	$\sqrt{16}$	$\sqrt{41}$
<b>d</b>		
$\sqrt{84}$		

**5** Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem

<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>
$\sqrt{113}$	$\sqrt{194}$	$\sqrt{32}$

**6** Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem

<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>
$\sqrt{188}$	$\sqrt{60}$	$\sqrt{68}$
<b>d</b>		
$\sqrt{124}$		

**7** Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem

<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>
$\sqrt{156}$	$\sqrt{28}$	$\sqrt{92}$