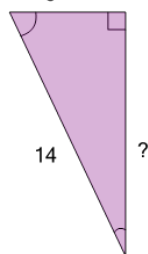




Math worksheet on 'Pythagorean Theorem - Length of Side (Radical) (Level 2)'. Part of a broader unit on 'Pythagoras - Intro'

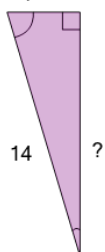
Learn online: app.mobius.academy/math/units/pythagoras_intro/

1 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem



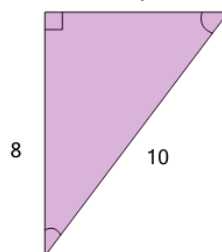
a	b	c
$\sqrt{160}$	$\sqrt{356}$	$\sqrt{552}$

2 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem



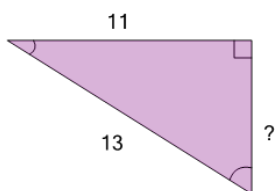
a	b	c
$\sqrt{212}$	$\sqrt{572}$	$\sqrt{376}$
d		
$\sqrt{180}$		

3 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem



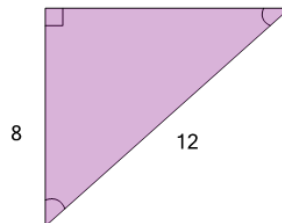
a	b	c
$\sqrt{236}$	$\sqrt{364}$	$\sqrt{136}$
d		
$\sqrt{36}$		

4 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem



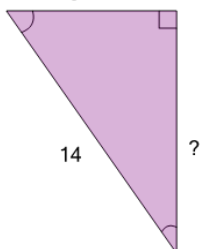
a	b	c
$\sqrt{217}$	$\sqrt{290}$	$\sqrt{48}$
d		
$\sqrt{386}$		

5 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem



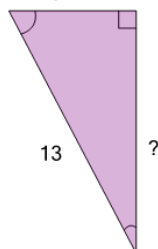
a	b	c
$\sqrt{352}$	$\sqrt{80}$	$\sqrt{368}$
d	e	
$\sqrt{224}$	$\sqrt{208}$	

6 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem



a	b	c
$\sqrt{456}$	$\sqrt{132}$	$\sqrt{524}$

7 Find the length of the missing side as a square root value, based on the Pythagorean theorem



a	b	c
$\sqrt{471}$	$\sqrt{302}$	$\sqrt{133}$